

Control Signals

Signal overview and timing

As explain the [connections description](#), one signal called TRIGGER SIGNAL from PLC or Sensor is used to start the motion sequence of the pick and place.

This signal must have a period compatible with the total motion time of the pick and place cycle.

Here below one example considering a pick and place speed of 0.6 sec total pick and place time corresponds to 100 pick and place per minutes. The Master sync signal is generated by the master (motor 1) with a small delay (debouncing) of 3 ms after the detection of the rising edge of the Trigger Signal (DIgital Input 1 - Pin 9). This signal is generated for 4 times and it is the motion trigger of the slave (motor 2). The motion task of the motor 2 (slave) is performed at every rising edge of the Master sync received. In position signal is the confirmation of the motion due to the motor 2 (slave). When the In position level is low the motor has reached the position window. In position window tolerance is defined using the parameter 183 (dec). This parameter is present in the Motot parameter window of the [NILAB Starter software](#).



Enable and Disable signal

The Digital IN0 (Enable / Disable) signal must be switched only when the Trigger signal is low !

Motion Table

☒ Load/Write these data from/to motor

Value changed and not downloaded

Value downloaded / uploaded correctly

MODBUS ADDRESS	Index	Motion type	Position		A Acceleration time or motion time	B Constant speed time	C Deceleration time	Waiting	Trigger mode
1793	0	Polynomial	30,000	mm	150 msec	0 msec	0 msec	5 msec	DIG IN risin
1804	1	Polynomial	130,000	mm	150 msec	0 msec	0 msec	5 msec	DIG IN risin
1815	2	Polynomial	160,000	mm	150 msec	0 msec	70 msec	5 msec	DIG IN risin
1826	3	Polynomial	60,000	mm	150 msec	0 msec	0 msec	5 msec	DIG IN risin

From:

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Last update:

2026/09/11 07:56

